Functional characteristics and demands of OpenSCADA system

The page contains the information allowing to receive the general representation about functions which the OpenSCADA system can carry out by the current moment. Functions are grouped on spheres of application of OpenSCADA system. For reception of a picture as a whole of functions planned or make now are included also. The page also have demands of OpenSCADA system for it building and execution.

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1. The employment area of system OpenSCADA

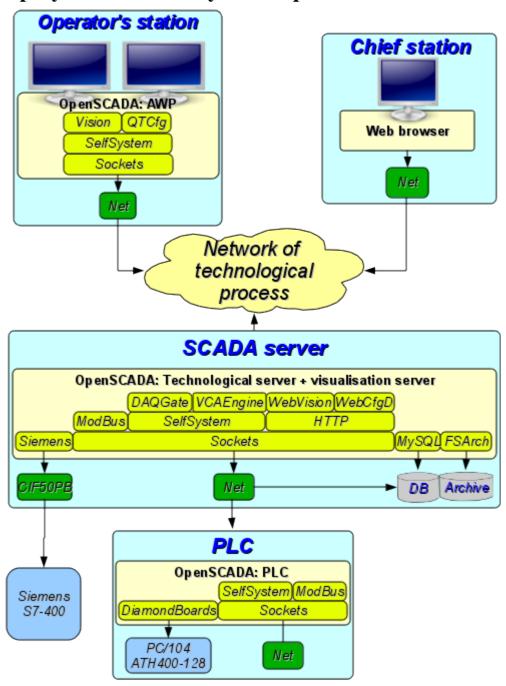


Fig. 1. OpenSCADA system's roles

1.1. SCADA system's server:

- The visual control and management by means of the interfaces:
 - Remote visualization server grounded on visualization and control area (VCA) engine <u>VCAEngine</u>. The module UI.Vision local starting and connecting to the visualization server.
 - · Remote WEB interface. By means of a Web-browser, the visualization module WebVision and the module of a kernel of visual control area VCAEngine.
 - Simple remote Web-interfaces of user. By mean Web-browser and UI-module WebUser.
- Data acquisition (DAQ) from sources:
 - Information about a platform (hardware-software) on which the server works. By means of the DAQ-module System.
 - Data acquisition from sources which support protocol SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol). By means of the DAQ-module **SNMP**.
 - Data acquisition from controllers of firm Siemens of S7 series. By means of the DAQmodule Siemens.
 - Data acquisition of industrial controllers under the protocol ModBus. By means of the DAQ-module ModBus.
 - Data acquisition of industrial controllers under the protocol DCON. By means of the DAO-module DCON.
 - Formation of derivative structures of parameters on the basis of templates of parameters and data from other sources. By means of the DAQ-module LogicLev.
 - Data acquisition from other servers and PLC, based on OpenSCADA, possibly for duplication. By means of the DAQ-module **DAQGate**.
 - Data acquisition from sound controller's input channels. By means of the DAQ-module SoundCard.
 - Data acquisition from hardware of firm ICP DAS. By means of the DAQ-module ICP DAS.
 - Data acquisition from sources which support protocol OPC UA. By means of the DAQmodule OPC UA.
 - Data acquisition from automation of "Big Dutchman" company. By means of the DAQmodule BFN.
 - Data acquisition from different sources, which have utilities for access to it data or it accessibly through simple special network protocols. Made by getting procedure writing on language of user programming by DAQ-module <u>JavaLikeCalc</u>, and also transport-protocolmodule User Protocol.
- Providing data to upper-level systems:
 - By means of interfaces:
 - Serial interface (RS232, RS485, Modem, ...), by helps of transport module <u>Serial</u>.
 - IP-networks sockets and network levels protocols TCP, UDP and Unix, by helps of transport module Sockets.
 - Security sockets layer (SSL), by helps of transport module <u>SSL</u>.
 - By means of protocols:
 - Self OpenSCADA protocol, by helps of transport's protocol module SelfSystem.
 - · ModBUS family protocol (TCP, RTU and ASCII), by helps of transport's protocol module ModBUS.
 - "OPC UA" protocol, by helps of transport's protocol module OPC UA.
 - Simple special protocols, developed by users by helps of transport's protocol module User Protocol.
- Implementation of user calculations in languages:
 - Language of block schemes. By means of the DAQ-module <u>BlockCalc</u>.
 - With the help of Java-like language of a high level. By means of the DAQ-module JavaLikeCalc.
- · Archiving messages, conducting reports on various categories and levels by means of mechanisms:
 - Files in a XML-format or the flat text with packing the out-of-date archives. By means

of the archiving module FSArch.

- In tables of archival DB. By means of the archiving module <u>DBArch</u>.
- In plans. On other server, it is possible to the allocated archiving server, based on OpenSCADA.
- Archiving values of the collected data by means of mechanisms:
 - Files with double packing: consecutive and standard archiver gzip. By means of the archiving module FSArch.
 - In tables of archival DB. By means of the archiving module <u>DBArch</u>.
- Configuration and management of a server through:
 - The WEB-interface. By means of a Web-browser and the UI-module WebCfgD and
 - From the remote configuration station. By means of the UI-module at configuration station OTCfg and the interface of management OpenSCADA reflected in the protocol SelfSystem.
- Data storage of a server in a DB of types:
 - MySQL. By means of the DB-module MySQL.
 - SQLite. By means of the DB-module <u>SQLite</u>.
 - PostgreSQL. By means of the DB-module PostgreSQL.
 - DBF. By means of the DB-module <u>DBF</u>.
 - FireBird. By means of the DB-module FireBird.
 - In plans. DB accessible on other server based on OpenSCADA.
 - In plans. LDAP.

1.2. Station of the operator of technological process, the board of the dispatcher, the panel of monitoring, etc.:

- The visual control and management by means of the interfaces:
 - · The local (fast) interface based on QT library. By means of the visualization module <u>Vision</u> and the module of a kernel of the visual control area <u>VCAEngine</u> include ability of visualization from remote engine of VCA, visualization server.
 - Remote WEB interface. By means of a Web-browser, the visualization module WebVision and the module of a kernel of visual control area VCAEngine.
 - Simple remote Web-interfaces of user. By mean Web-browser and UI-module WebUser.
- Data acquisition (DAQ) from sources:
 - · Data acquisition from other servers and PLC, based on OpenSCADA, for data transportation and for duplication. By means of the DAQ-module <u>DAQGate</u>.
 - Data acquisition from sources which support protocol SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol). By means of the DAQ-module **SNMP**.
 - Data acquisition from sources which support protocol OPC UA. By means of the DAQmodule OPC UA.
- Implementation of the user calculations in languages:
 - Language of block schemes. By means of the DAQ-module <u>BlockCalc</u>.
 - With the help of Java-like language of a high level. By means of the DAQ-module JavaLikeCalc.
- Archiving messages, conducting reports on various categories and levels by means of mechanisms:
 - Files in a XML-format or the flat text with packing the out-of-date archives. By means of the archiving module FSArch.
 - In tables of archival DB. By means of the archiving module <u>DBArch</u>.
 - In plans. On other server, it is possible to the allocated archiving server, based on OpenSCADA.
- Configuration and management of station through:
 - The WEB-interface. By means of a Web-browser and the UI-module WebCfgD or
 - The QT-interface. By means of the UI-module QTCfg.
 - From the remote configuration station. By means of the UI-module at configuration

station OTCfg and the interface of management OpenSCADA reflected in the protocol SelfSystem.

- Data storage of station in a DB of types:
 - MySOL. By means of the DB-module MySOL.
 - SQLite. By means of the DB-module <u>SQLite</u>.
 - PostgreSQL. By means of the DB-module PostgreSQL.
 - DBF. By means of the DB-module DBF.
 - FireBird. By means of the DB-module FireBird.
 - In plans. DB accessible on other server based on OpenSCADA.
 - In plans. LDAP.

1.3. The environment of execution of controllers (PLC):

- Data acquisition (DAO) from sources:
 - · Cards of data acquisition of firm Diamond Systems. By means of the DAQ-module DiamondBoards.
 - Information on a platform (hardware-software) on which the server works. By means of the DAO-module System.
 - Data acquisition from sources which support protocol SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol). By means of the DAQ-module **SNMP**.
 - Data acquisition of industrial controllers under the protocol ModBus. By means of the DAQ-module ModBus.
 - Data acquisition of industrial controllers under the protocol DCON. By means of the DAO-module DCON.
 - Formation of derivative structures of parameters on the basis of templates of parameters and data from other sources. By means of the DAQ-module LogicLev.
 - Data acquisition from other servers and PLC, based on OpenSCADA, possibly for duplication. By means of the DAQ-module **DAQGate**.
 - Data acquisition from sound controller's input channels. By means of the DAO-module SoundCard.
 - Data acquisition from hardware of firm ICP DAS. By means of the DAQ-module ICP DAS.
 - Data acquisition from sources which support protocol OPC UA. By means of the DAQmodule OPC UA.
 - Data acquisition from different sources, which have utilities for access to it data or it accessibly through simple special network protocols. Made by getting procedure writing on language of user programming by DAO-module JavaLikeCalc, and also transport-protocolmodule <u>User Protocol</u>.
- Providing data to upper-level systems:
 - By means of interfaces:
 - Serial interface (RS232, RS485, Modem, ...), by helps of transport module Serial.
 - IP-networks sockets and network levels protocols TCP, UDP and Unix, by helps of transport module Sockets.
 - Security sockets layer (SSL), by helps of transport module <u>SSL</u>.
 - By means of protocols:
 - Self OpenSCADA protocol, by helps of transport's protocol module SelfSystem.
 - ModBUS family protocol (TCP, RTU and ASCII), by helps of transport's protocol module ModBUS.
 - "OPC UA" protocol, by helps of transport's protocol module OPC UA.
 - Simple special protocols, developed by users by helps of transport's protocol module User Protocol.
- Management, regulation and performance of other user calculations in languages:
 - Language of block schemes. By means of the DAQ-module <u>BlockCalc</u>.
 - With the help of Java-like language of a high level. By means of the DAQ-module JavaLikeCalc.
- Archiving messages, conducting reports on various categories and levels by means of

mechanisms:

- · Files in a XML-format or the flat text with packing the out-of-date archives. By means of the archiving module FSArch.
- In tables of archival DB. By means of the archiving module <u>DBArch</u>.
- In plans. On other server, it is possible to the allocated archiving server, based on OpenSCADA.
- Archiving of values of the collected data by means of mechanisms:
 - Buffers in memory of the setting depth. By means of the built in archiving mechanism of the values of kernel OpenSCADA.
 - Files with double packing: consecutive and standard archiver gzip. By means of the archiving module FSArch.
 - In tables of archival DB. By means of the archiving module <u>DBArch</u>.
- Configuration and management PLC through:
 - The WEB-interface. By means of a Web-browser and the UI-module WebCfgD or WebCfg.
 - From the remote configuration station. By means of the UI-module at configuration station QTCfg and the interface of management OpenSCADA reflected in the protocol SelfSystem.
- Data storage PLC in a DB of types:
 - All data in a configuration file (fixed).
 - MySQL. By means of the DB-module MySQL.
 - SQLite. By means of the DB-module SQLite.
 - PostgreSQL. By means of the DB-module PostgreSQL.
 - DBF. By means of the DB-module <u>DBF</u>.
 - FireBird. By means of the DB-module <u>FireBird</u>.
 - In plans. DB accessible on other server based on OpenSCADA.
 - In plans. LDAP.

2. Requirements for OpenSCADA

2.1. Execution

The demands to apparatus for OpenSCADA system execution at different roles viewed into table 1. The demands to programs for OpenSCADA system execution and it modules allow into table 2.

Table 1. The demands to apparatus for OpenSCADA system and it modules.

Role	Demands
SCADA system's server	CPU: x86_32 (more than i586), x86_64 or ARM, with frequency more 500 MHz MEM: 128 MB HDD: 10 GB include OS and place for archives
Station of the operator of technological process, the board of the dispatcher, the panel of monitoring, etc.	CPU: x86_32 (more than i586), x86_64 or ARM, with frequency more 1 GHz MEM: 512 MB HDD: 4 GB include OS without archives place
The environment of execution of	CPU: x86_32 (more than i586), x86_64 or ARM, with frequency more 133 MHz MEM: 32 MB
controllers (PLC)	HDD: 32 MB include OS without archives place.

Table 2. Dependences of performance of OpenSCADA system and its modules.

Component	Description			
Dependences of OpenSCADA system's kernel				
OS Linux	The distribution kit of operating system Linux (ALTLinux, SuSELinux, Mandriva, ASPLinux, Fedora, Debian, Ubuntu)			
"Standard libraries"	Standard set of libraries: GLibC (>= 2.3) or uCLibC (>= 0.9.32) and libstdc++ (>= 3.3). Certainly this already allow into installed distribution. Special demand is using native thread library NPTL, already used for all modern distributions of the Linux.			
zlib	Compression library.			
libpcre	Library for use regular expressions, compatible with Perl.			
libgd (opt:disable-LibGD)	Graphic library GD version 2, it is desirable that it will be without XPM support (dependence on library of a X-server is excluded) and support of FontConfig.			
DB.MySQL module				
libMySQL	Library for access to MySQL DBMS.			
DB.SQLite module				
libsqlite3	Library for access to built in DB SQLite version 3.			
DB.PostgreSQL module				
libpq	Library for access to PostgreSQL DBMS version more 8.3.0.			
DB.FireBird module				
FirebirdSS	FireBird DBMS version 2. Often is absent in distribution kits of Linux and demands individual loading from an official site (http://www.firebirdsql.org)!			
Transport.SSL module				
libssl	Library for codifying OpenSSL.			

Component	Description			
DAQ.SNMP module				
libsnmp	Library for access to data of network devices under SNMP protocol.			
DAQ.System module				
libsensors (opt: auto)	Hardware sensors' library versions 2 and 3.			
DAQ.SoundCard module				
libportaudio	Multiplatform library for access to sound controller version 19 and higher.			
DAQ.OPC_UA module				
libssl	Library for codifying OpenSSL.			
Modules: UI.QTStarter, UI.QTCfg				
libQT4 (libQtCore,libQtGui)	Library for construction of user graphic interface QT version 4.3 and higher.			
Module: UI.Vision				
libQT4 (libQtCore,libQtGui)	Library for construction of user graphic interface QT version 4.3 and higher.			
libfftw3 (opt: auto)	Library for fast Fourie transfer of signals.			
libphonon (opt: auto)	Library for full formatted video and audio play.			
Modules: UI.WebVision,	Special.FLibSYS			
libfftw3 (opt: auto)	Library for fast Fourie transfer of signals.			

^{* &}quot;opt: auto" — provides for disable of using the library at build time on it absence.

2.2. Building

Dependences of system OpenSCADA for building of the OpenSCADA kernel and its modules are tabulated bellow.

Table 3. Dependences of building of OpenSCADA system and its modules.

Component	of building of OpenSCADA system and its modules. Description
The general requirements	for building OpenSCADA
OS Linux	The distribution kit of operating system Linux (ALTLinux, SuSELinux, Mandriva, ASPLinux, Fedora, Debian, Ubuntu)
g++	The compiler of language C++ version 3.3 and more from a collection of compilers GCC, including library GLibC (>=2.3) or uCLibC (>= 0.9.32).
autotools (autoconf, automake, libtool)	Tools for formation of building environment of OpenSCADA. They are necessary only in the case of changing building environment of OpenSCADA, for example for addition of the new module or change of the fixed parameters of building.
gettext	Group of utilities for preparation and compilations of translations of the interface of programs on various languages in conformity with internationalization standard I18N.
zlib (devel)	Compression library, a package for development.
libpcre (devel)	Library for use regular expressions, compatible with Perl, a package for development.
libgd (devel, opt:disable-LibGD)	Graphic library GD version 2, a package for development, it is desirable that it will be without XPM support (dependence on library of a X-server is excluded) and support of FontConfig. It is used for construction of trends and other images in PNG format.
DB.MySQL module	
libMySQL (devel)	Library for access to MySQL DBMS, a package for development on language C.
DB.SQLite module	
libsqlite3 (devel)	Library for access to built in DB SQLite version 3, a package for development.
DB.PostgreSQL module	
libpq	Library for access to PostgreSQL DBMS version more 8.3.0, a package for development.
DB.FireBird module	
FirebirdSS	FireBird DBMS version 2, a package for development. Often is absent in distribution kits of Linux and demands individual loading from an official site (http://www.firebirdsql.org)!
Transport.SSL module	
libssl (devel)	Library for codifying OpenSSL, a package for development.
DAQ.JavaLikeCalc modu	le
bison	The program of generation of parsers on the basis of grammar of language.
DAQ.SNMP module	
libsnmp (devel)	Library for access to data of network devices under SNMP protocol, a package for development.

Component	Description			
DAQ.System module				
libsensors (devel, opt: auto)	Hardware sensors' library versions 2 and 3, a package for development.			
DAQ.Siemens module				
glibc-kernheaders	Linux-kernel headers by library GLibC.			
DAQ.SoundCard module				
libportaudio (devel)	Multiplatform library for access to sound controller, a package for development version 19 and higher.			
DAQ.OPC_UA module				
libssl (devel)	Library for codifying OpenSSL, a package for development.			
Modules: UI.QTStarter, UI.Q	QTCfg			
libQT4 (devel)	Library for construction of user graphic interface QT version 4.3 and higher, package for development.			
Module: UI.Vision				
libQT4 (devel)	Library for construction of user graphic interface QT version 4.3 and higher, package for development.			
libfftw3 (devel, opt: auto)	Library for fast Fourie transfer of signals, package for development.			
libphonon (devel, opt: auto)	Library for full formatted video and audio play, package for development.			
Modules: UI.WebVision, Special.FLibSYS				
libfftw3 (devel, opt: auto)	Library for fast Fourie transfer of signals, package for development.			

^{* &}quot;opt: auto" — provides for disable of using the library at build time on it absence.